Given an input string and a dictionary of words, find out if the input string can be segmented into a space-separated sequence of dictionary words. See following examples for more details.

This is a famous Google interview question, also being asked by many other companies now a days.

Consider the following dictionary

{ i, like, sam, sung, samsung, mobile, ice,

cream, icecream, man, go, mango}

Input: ilike

Output: Yes

The string can be segmented as "i like".

Input: ilikesamsung

Output: Yes

The string can be segmented as "i like samsung"

or "i like sam sung".

Ques-2

A number can always be represented as a sum of squares of other numbers. Note that 1 is a square and we can always break a number as (1\*1 + 1\*1 + 1\*1 + …). Given a number n, find the minimum number of squares that sum to X.

Examples :

Input: n = 100

Output: 1

Explanation:

100 can be written as 102. Note that 100 can also be written as 52 + 52 + 52 + 52, but this representation requires 4 squares.

Input: n = 6

Output: 3

Ques-3

Given a number N, the task is to check if it is divisible by 7 or not.

Note: You are not allowed to use the modulo operator, floating point arithmetic is also not allowed.

Naive approach: A simple method is repeated subtraction. Following is another interesting method.

Divisibility by 7 can be checked by a recursive method. A number of the form 10a + b is divisible by 7 if and only if a – 2b is divisible by 7. In other words, subtract twice the last digit from the number formed by the remaining digits. Continue to do this until a small number.

Example: the number 371: 37 – (2×1) = 37 – 2 = 35; 3 – (2 × 5) = 3 – 10 = -7; thus, since -7 is divisible by 7, 371 is divisible by 7.

Question-4

Find the n’th term in Look-and-say (Or Count and Say) Sequence. The look-and-say sequence is the sequence of the below integers:

1, 11, 21, 1211, 111221, 312211, 13112221, 1113213211, …

How is the above sequence generated?

n’th term is generated by reading (n-1)’th term.

The first term is "1"

Second term is "11", generated by reading first term as "One 1"

(There is one 1 in previous term)

Third term is "21", generated by reading second term as "Two 1"

Fourth term is "1211", generated by reading third term as "One 2 One 1"

and so on

Input: n = 3

Output: 21

Input: n = 5

Output: 111221